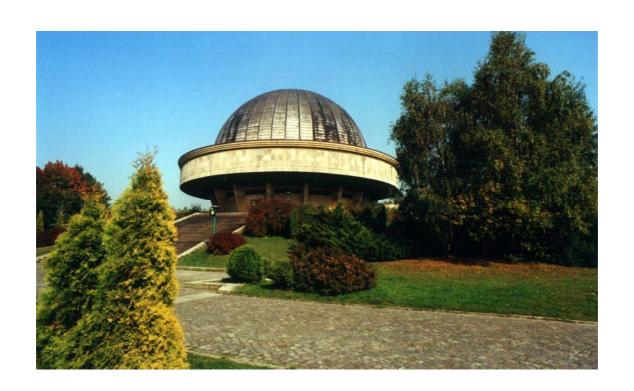
# Ireneusz Wlodarczyk J. Szczczepanik, S. Janta, J. Kuczynski, M. Szczepanski, T. Firszt

Silesian Planetarium and Astronomical Observatory (553) Chorzow

# The bigest and the oldest planetarium in Poland was founded in 1955 to commemorate a great Polish astronomer – Nicolaus Copernicus



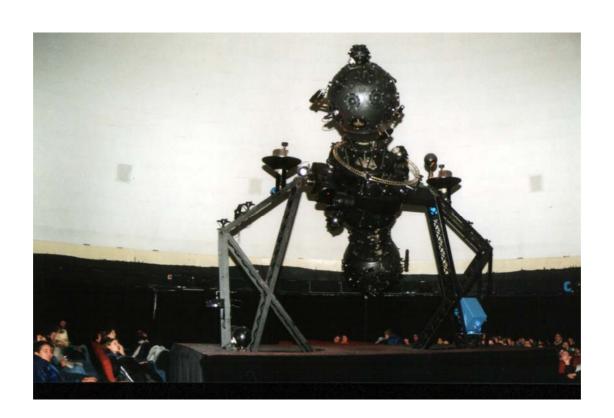


## Sun-dial



### Projection aparatus - planetarium

23 m dome400 spectators



### The Seismologic Station

mainly- cramps from coal-mine





### The Meteorological Station



The regular astrometric observations of minor planets and comets have been carried out since 1977 with Zeiss-camera 0.2m f/5 attached to the refractor 0.3m f/15



Till 1997 year 927 observations were made on ORWO ZU-21 plates 16x16 cm, measured using Zeiss Ascorecord machine.

On every plate 8 to 15 referrence stars were chosen from SAO Catalogue.

For the reduction the Turner method with complete second order polynomical was performed.

## From 1998 observations were made using CCD SBIG ST-8 camera.

## The First Astrometric Position of Asteroid in Poland using CCD

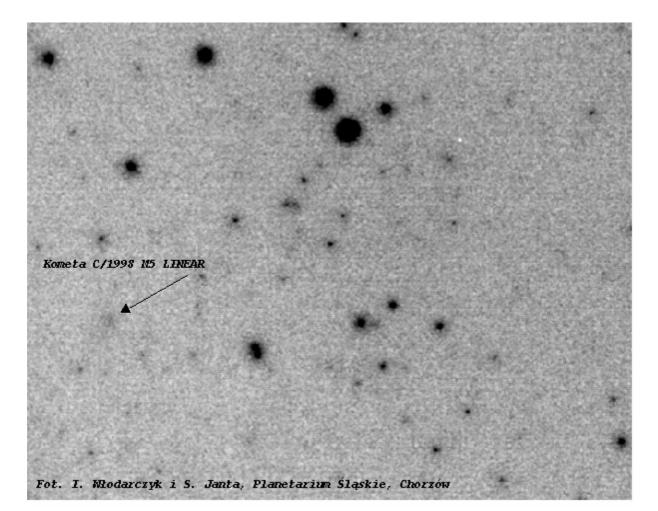
• MPC 31870 (Guide, Astrometrica H. Raab)

Pierwsze foto planetoidy w Obserwatorium Astronomicznym w Chorzowie
↑
148 Galia (m=13.1)

Foto z 23. IV. 1998, kamera CCD ST-8, Obs. IN, SJ, TP

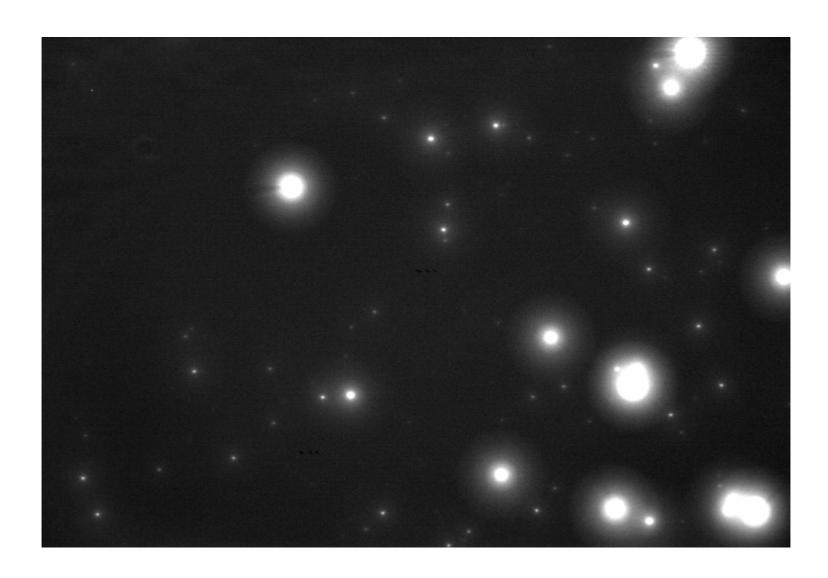
## The First Astrometric Position of Comet in Poland using CCD

• MPC 32565 (Guide, Astrometrica, H. Raab)



## Open Cluster Praesepe, M44

- Obs. I. Włodarczyk and S. Janta
- Chorzów Obs.: Zeiss camera with CCD SBIG ST-8
- Date of obs. 2 IV 2004,20:00 TU, exp. 40 s
- 13 mag



## NOW...





Thank you!